THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 1309 COLORADO SPRINGS, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1882. Price Five Cents.

MINING EXPOSITION.

The Enterprise Formally Opened in Denver Yesterday.

Large Attendance and Success now Assured.

Colorado's Career as it Appears to W. D. Kelley.

DENVER, August 1.—The National Mining exposition was thrown open to the public today and the ceremonies were of a character befitting such an event. All day yesterday and during the early hours this morning regular and special railway trains brought large crowds of visitors until the city was filled to overflowing. Denver presented a holiday appearance, business being for the most part suspended and buildings both public and private gaily and beautifully decorated with national colors. The procession moved about 1 o'clock, marching through the principal streets. The sidewalks, windows, and roofs along the route were thronged with thousands of spectators. The platoons of police were followed by Governor F. W. Pitkin, Adjutant-General R. M. Stevenson, and other military officers. Then came the different military organizations, nearly every militia company in the state being in line, and altogether presenting a splendid appearance. Civil societies and officials in carriages followed, including the mayor and aldermen, county officers, Lieutenant-Governor H. A. W. Tabor, H. E. Burchard, director of the mint, and Hon. W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania.

Exercises at the exposition building opened with playing of "America," by the bands, followed by prayer, and then "Hail Columbia," which was received with cheers. Many distinguished persons occupied the platform. Hon. W. D. Kelley was introduced to the vast audience and delivered the oration of the day. At the conclusion of Judge Kelley's address, Hon. H. A. W. Tabor, president of the exposition association, made a brief speech, declared the exhibition open and started the machinery with his own hands. The stars and stripes were instantly run up on the main flagstaff and a salute was fired by the battery stationed some distance away. The utmost enthusiasm was manifested throughout by the 15,000 people in attendance, and the management consider that the success of the exposition is assured.

KELLEY'S ORATION.

At the outset of his remarks Mr. Kelley expressed profound surprise at the changes which the few years since his last visit to Colorado had brought about. They were marvelous. It seemed scarcely possible that the improvements which he beheld on every hand were the work of men. They seemed to have sprung up by magic. Colorado stands on a triple foundation of greatness: the precious metals, highways of travel, possession of coal and iron, and all the means of fusing and converting iron into steel and every form of utility. Her career must be as enduring as the mountains and the plains; and the star that marks the little state today with but one member in the hall of representatives will, at the end of another decade, have attracted to her such a population as will send into that chamber a delegation of three or five members. [Applause.] That is, it will add five hundred per cent., or even more to her present population and the present producers of her wealth and her refinement. He challenged the present and succeeding generations of Colorado to build up here within the limits of the state a rival to Pennsylvania.

THE PROCESSION.

At precisely one o'clock p. m. the procession moved from the starting point, in the following order:

Squad of policemen. Governor Pitkin and staff (the governor in citizen's dress; the officers uniformed).

First division, Major General Cook; first battalion of infantry, Colonel S. A. Sheppard—Company A, Central, Company B, Denver. (This was the Governor's Guards and looked and marched well). Company C, Georgetown; Company D, Denver; Company E, Denver; Company F, Denver; Mitchell Guards.

Grand Army of the Republic, Major General Stinson and staff.

Second division, Major General A. P. Curry and staff, Brigadier General C. C. Harrell and staff.

Third Battalion Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Rose—Company A, Leadville, Captain Coffey; Company D, Leadville, Captain Reardon; Company E, Leadville, Captain Gardner; Company F, Leadville, Captain Paddock; Company H, Buena Vista; Captain Jackson; Company I, Breckenridge, Captain Thompson.

First Battalion Cavalry, Major Badson—Company A, Colorado Springs, Captain Roby; Company B, Leadville, Captain Philister; Company C, Leadville, Captain Zurchenell; Company D, Denver, Captain Easton.

After the military came the city and the county officers, in carriages, followed by the trades, express companies, etc. The visiting companies marched well, and were frequently applauded on the route. The day has been unusually hot, and the mountaineers, who have been used to cold weather, are rather used up after their long march.

THE BUILDING.

The following description of the building is taken from the Denver News of yesterday:

The structure in all its goodly proportions rears itself complete, every bolt and rod, every joist and brace, every pane of glass of all the thousands in place. In April the first stroke of work was done upon the building; on May 2d the corner-stone was laid, and on July 15th the workmen said: "We have finished;" the marvels of thought and handicraft united in producing a miracle.

Contract for the building was signed April 5th last by E. F. Hallack, contractor. The lumber had to be sawed from trees then standing in the forest, the brick made from the undisturbed clay of the earth, stone quarried, hauled from the mountains and worked, the ground excavated, railroads built to the location chosen, and many other details too numerous to mention attended to. Since the breaking of the ground, about one hundred days, the grand structure has been erected and completed, and is now receiving machinery of all kinds, ores and minerals and exhibits of every nature from all parts of the continent.

There have been twelve thousand cubic yards of earth removed, three hundred cords of foundation stone laid, four millions of brick put in place, and three million feet of lumber fashioned into the building. Nearly four acres of tin roofing have been required, and an equal ground surface covered by the main floor of the main building. The whole structure is of a most substantial character, the walls being made of heavy masonry, while the galleries are supported by solid columns, and the roof by wrought-iron trusses.

The dimensions of the building are five hundred feet from north to south, and three hundred and ten feet from east to west. It is in the form of a cross, with convenient and spacious vestibules and entrances at each of the four extremes. There are two thousand linear feet of gallery, twenty-nine feet in width, affording an unsurpassed promenade, with a complete and extensive view inside and out. The eight hundred windows of the building afford abundantly the necessary light to the remotest corner.

Eight broad and easy stairways lead to the galleries, while two more and a pair of elevators reach to the observatory of the grand central tower, eighty feet in height. One stairway leads to each of the eight corner towers, seventy feet above the floor.

HISTORY OF THE ENTERPRISE.

The following is a historical sketch of the exposition, taken from the Denver Tribune of yesterday:

In the fall of 1880 Mr. H. D. Perky, one of the directors of the exposition, arrived in Denver. About the same time Mr. Hamilton S. Wicks, who is also a director, came to the city. It would seem from the conflicting statements which have been made, statements which might savor of unpleasantness if repeated, that there might have been a contemporaneous suggestion of such a scheme. This is no question as to the second party in the matter. It is a well-known fact that the first suggestion of a mining exposition enterprise was made to Hon. W. A. H. Loveland. Mr. Loveland says that the first intimation of the subject was made to him by Mr. H. D. Perky. Mr. Perky came from Nebraska, and had been traveling through Colorado because so impressed by the magnitude of the mining operations he had visited and by the want of information everywhere in regard to them, he conceived the idea of inaugurating an exposition especially devoted to mineral displays. After a quiet investigation of possibilities and contingencies he sketched out a plan which, though since greatly extended, was substantially the same which has been consummated. This plan was laid before several prominent citizens and a preliminary organization was effected, in which Hon. W. A. H. Loveland, H. D. Perky and Mr. John W. Knox appear. The question was thoroughly agitated by those gentlemen and on the 24th of December, 1880, a company was organized with the following names on the directory: H. A. W. Tabor, W. A. H. Loveland, John W. Knox, H. D. Perky, H. S. Wicks, W. B. Daniels, S. T. Armstrong, Herman Silver, A. C. Hunt. The first list of officers was as follows:

President—H. A. W. Tabor.
Vice-president—Herman Silver.
Treasurer—W. A. H. Loveland.
Secretary—H. S. Wicks.
General Manager—H. D. Perky.

A few days after the interview between Mr. Perky and Mr. Loveland, Mr. Hamilton S. Wicks, of New York, arrived in Denver, and had a conference with Mr. Loveland on the expediency of establishing a mining exposition, when he was informed that the matter had already been taken under advisement. It was after this interview on the subject that the association was formed and Mr. Wicks became a member of the board of trustees. From that time he became an active and zealous worker in the cause. He was the author of the first publication on the subject, an article which appeared in the Tribune on the 17th of December, 1880, and was the instigator of the public meeting which was held at the Armory hall in the interest of the enterprise in 1881.

After that meeting a vigorous effort was made to create a favorable sentiment toward the enterprise among the citizens of Denver as well as miners and capitalists. A pamphlet was prepared by Messrs. Wicks, Armstrong and Perky containing a vast amount of condensed information on the subject of mines and mining. A large edition was issued, which, with circulars, was sent to every part of the country. Curiously enough, the scheme received more encouragement from abroad than from the people of Colorado, who regarded it coldly. Every effort failed to arouse any interest until it grew too late to accomplish anything during that year.

About the first of January of the present year the scheme was revived and a new interest awakened among all classes of the people. On the 23d of January Messrs. J. T. Cornforth and O. H. Haskell, both prominent merchants and members of the board of trade, were elected to places on the directory. This addition to the board was salutary, introducing energy and thorough-going business tact and experience. From this time the enterprise took tangible form and a new life. In every movement there was seen the spirit of progress and the promise of success. This change was due in a large measure to the earnest and enthusiastic assistance rendered by Messrs. Cornforth and Haskell. The fact that the board of trade rendered its moral support was also a slight assistance. But the substantial aid came through the efforts of such men as Tabor and Cornforth and Haskell and Loveland and Silver and Perky, and indeed by all the members of the board in their personal application to the business men of Denver for subscription.

About the first of February last an election of officers was held and resulted as follows:

President—H. A. W. Tabor.
Vice-President—Herman Silver.
Treasurer—W. A. H. Loveland.
Secretary—S. T. Armstrong.
General Manager—H. D. Perky.

After this hard work begun, every member taking hold with a will. It was decided to issue bonds to the extent of $200,000 to raise necessary funds. These bonds were to have 8 per cent. interest payable semi-annually. A canvass for subscriptions finally placed $75,000 of these bonds in Denver alone while the remainder were placed in New York, except $10,000 taken by the Union Pacific railway company and $5,000 by the Rio Grande railway company. As soon as sufficient subscriptions had been obtained the present site was selected and purchased and the contract for the building awarded to Mr. E. F. Hallack. The corner-stone was laid May 1st and on July 15th the building was turned over by the contractor practically completed.

In this work, Mr. E. F. Hallack is the hero of an achievement that is more than surprising. Visitors from abroad who have witnessed the progress of the building in all its details receive the statement that this splendid structure has been erected within three months with "a grain of allowance," which implies a great deal of credulity. But the fact stands as the evidence, and there are thousands of witnesses. The building now stands complete, with not a flaw or slight in any of the specifications. It is even hard for the people of Denver to realize that so great a work could be accomplished in so short a time.

THE PORTE'S PROCLAMATION

Against Arabi as a Traitor Demanded by all the Great Powers.

ALEXANDRIA, August 1.—The khedive has dispatched a native emissary to the camp of Arabi Pasha for the purpose of procuring the release of Midshipman De Chair.

LONDON, August 1.—Dilke, under foreign secretary, stated that the Russian delegate has been ordered to rejoin the conference of the powers. All the great powers have agreed in asking the porte that Arabi Pasha be proclaimed a rebel.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 1. The porte has been informed that Admiral Seymour called on the governor of Port Said yesterday to state if he was an adherent of Arabi Pasha or the khedive. In his reply, the governor referred Seymour to the porte.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 1.—According to intelligence received from diplomatic sources, the action of Russia is due to the personal initiative of the Czar Alexander.

The Spanish fleet is going to Egypt.

PORT SAID, August 1.—The Arabs are working indefatigably on Fort Acheors, and all along the coast, especially at Jomeriar and Rosetta.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 1. The Russian press, with the exception of a few minor journals, continues hostile to England, and is firmly persuaded that England will now have to account with Turkey as well as with Arabi Pasha.

BERLIN, August 1. The refusal of Italy to co-operate with England in putting down Arabi Pasha may be taken as presenting the attitude of Germany and Austria. High authorities at Berlin assert that Russia is about to quit her passive attitude in favor of England, upon Gladstone's reported declaration that England, under the circumstances, will undertake the task of restoring order in Egypt.

LONDON, August 1.—A correspondent of the Guardian says he understands if the Turkish expedition starts without the sultan's previously complying with the condition demanded by England, Admiral Seymour will be ordered to conduct it back. The time has gone by when Turkey could be allowed to take the whole matter into her own hands. If Turkey goes to Egypt she must not go as an ally, but as a subordinate of England.

ALEXANDRIA, August 1.—Fears in regard to the failure of a water supply have subsided. A number of Christians have been murdered at Dowanheur, Tantah and Nihilla, and the deaths are now numbered at five hundred and fifty.

Freight Collision.

CHICAGO, August 1.—A special from South Bend, Ind., to the Evening Journal says two freight trains collided on the Lake Shore road, just west of this city, this morning. The cars to the number of sixty were piled on the engines, and, taking fire, were burned up. The engineers were buried under the debris, but were rescued before the flames reached them. A lot of tramps were on the train and four of them insist that seven of their comrades were burned to death. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

Cooper Complimented.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal, August 1.—The dispatch of yesterday, regarding the charges against Captain Cooper, of the revenue cutter Corwin, in regard to his disgrace and deprivation of command, is incorrect in placing him in Washington. He is here, and has not been interviewed regarding the charges, but a brother revenue officer says: "As regards trading with the Indians, that is necessary and usual, being the only way of obtaining information. Instead of being in disgrace, Cooper recently received a complimentary appointment, and is now in command of the revenue cutter steamer, Richard Rush. During a recent visit to Washington, he was made aware such charges might be preferred, and made a statement to the special treasury agent in accordance with the facts."

Spending Blood Money.

CHICAGO, August 1.—Bob Ford, who killed the noted outlaw Jesse James, and his brother, Charles Ford, are in the city enjoying and spending the ten thousand dollars which they received as a reward for ridding the country of the outlaw leader. In an interview in the wing of a variety theater here to-night they said they would stay here about a week and then go to Cincinnati. Bob Ford says Frank James was in good health when he last saw him. He does not believe Frank will ever attempt to reorganize the gang.

Mining Market.

NEW YORK, August 1. Mining stocks very dull and steady. Chrysolite declined from 2.55 to 2.45. Robinson Consolidated sold at 1.35; State Lines, Nos. 3 and 8, 26 and 23; Oriental and Miller, 24 and 23; Decatur, 60 and 62. Sales of the day, 18,040 shares.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

River and Harbor Bill Vetoed by the President.

Responsibility of Extra Taxation Discussed in the House.

The Public Debt Largely Reduced in July.

MESQUITE NOT TIMBER.

WASHINGTON, August 1—The secretary of the interior has decided a question of some importance to the Pacific slope and western territories, in connection with timber lands. Two wood cutters had been arrested by a special agent of the department, for cutting five hundred cords of mesquite wood on the public lands in Arizona, one hundred cords remaining in their possession, which were turned over to the United States, and they offered a compromise in the case, of the payment of one dollar a cord for the portion disposed of. The secretary holds that according to King's geological reports, mesquite is a shrub and not a timber tree, therefore its wood had little value except as fuel, and it can't be applied to the ordinary uses of timber. The secretary says that to charge the wood-cutters, who are generally a poor class of people, one dollar a cord for mesquite is a great hardship. Timber laws were not enacted to put money in the treasury, but to protect timber on the public lands, and mesquite is not timber within the meaning of the statutes. The special agent is therefore directed to return the seized cordwood to the rightful owners.

DEBT STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The debt statement shows a decrease during July of $13,860,027. Cash in treasury, $241,093,031; gold certificates, $35,017,940; silver certificates, $67,119,210; certificates of deposit, $12,730,000; refunding certificates, $452,750; legal tenders, $346,681,016; fractional currency, $7,046,469.

THE VETO MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The following is the full text of the president's message vetoing the river and harbor bill:

To the house of representatives:

Having watched with much interest the progress of house bill No. 6242, entitled an act making appropriation for the construction, repair and preservation of certain works on certain rivers and harbors, and for other purposes, and having since it was received carefully examined it, after mature consideration I am constrained to return it herewith to the house of representatives, in which it originated, without my signature and with my objection to its passage. Many appropriations in the bill are clearly for the general welfare and most beneficial in their character. Two of the objects for which provision is made were by me considered so important that I felt it my duty to direct to them the attention of congress. In my annual message in December last, I urged the vital importance of legislation for the reclamation of marshes, and for the establishment of harbor lines along the Potomac flat. In April last, by a special message, I recommended an appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi river. It is not necessary that I say that when my signature would make a bill of appropriations for this and other valuable national objects a law, it is with great reluctance, and only under a sense of duty, that I withhold it. My principal objection to the bill is, that it contains appropriations for purposes not for common defense or the general welfare, and which will not promote commerce among the states. These provisions, on the contrary, are entirely for the benefit of particular localities, in which it is proposed to make improvements. I regard such appropriations of public money as beyond the power given by the constitution to congress and the president. I feel more bound to withhold my signature from the bill because of the peculiar evils which manifestly result from the infraction of the constitution. Appropriations of this nature, to be devoted purely to local objects, tend to increase the number and amount. As a citizen of one state they find the money to raise which they in common with the whole country are taxed is to be expended for local improvement in another state and they demand similar benefits for themselves; and it is not unnatural that they should seek to indemnify themselves for such of the public funds by securing appropriations for similar improvements in their own neighborhood. Thus as the bill becomes more objectionable it secures more support. This result is invariable and necessarily follows neglect to observe constitutional limitations imposed on the law making power. Appropriations for river and harbor improvements have, under the influence to which I have alluded, increased year by year out of proportion to the progress of the country, as great as that has been. In 1870 the aggregate appropriation was $3,975,900; in 1875, $6,648,517.50; in 1880, $8,976,500, and in 1881, $11,451,00; while by the present act there is appropriated $18,743,375. While feeling every disposition to leave to the legislature the responsibility of determining what amount should be appropriated for the purpose of the bill so long as appropriations are confined to objects indicated by the grant of power, I cannot but accept the conclusion that, as part of the law-making power of the government, the duty devolves upon me to withhold my signature from a bill containing appropriations which in my opinion greatly exceed in amount the needs of the country for the present fiscal year, it being the usage to provide money for those purposes by annual appropriation bills. The president is in effect directed to expend so large amount of money within so brief a period that expenditures cannot be made economically and advantageously. Extravagant expenditures of public money is an evil not to be measured by the value of that money to the people who are taxed for it. They sustain a greater injury in the demoralizing effect produced upon those who are entrusted with official duty through all the ramifications of the government. These objections could be removed and every constitutional purpose readily obtained should congress enact that one-half only of the aggregate amount provided for in the bill be appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year, and that the sum so appropriated be expended only for such objects named in the bill as the secretary of war, under the direction of the president, shall determine; provided, that in no cases shall the expenditures for any one purpose exceed the sum now designed by the bill for that purpose. I feel authorized to make this suggestion because of the duty imposed on the president, by the constitution, to recommend to the consideration of congress such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; and because it is my earnest desire that public works which are in progress shall not suffer injury. Congress will also convene again in four months, when this whole subject will be open for their consideration.

[Signed] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
Executive Mansion, August 1, 1882.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Rain has extinguished most of the forest fires near East Tawas, Michigan, but those north of Wilbur started again, on Sunday afternoon, burning with great violence.

Governor St. John's nomination, and consequent election, for a third term are now assured. He has already one hundred and ninety-six out of three hundred and seventy delegates, and his vote is likely to exceed two hundred and twenty.

Flood in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, O., August 1.—About noon, the Licking river, at its mouth, opposite here, assumed alarming proportions. The rise from above rushing into the Ohio caused great damage. Twenty-one barges tied along the shore were swept from Swift's landing. Dana's coal fleet lost ten barges. Four sunk on the railroad bridge pier. Gatchell lost his boat house. Charles Spink lost three barges of stone; Brosomer two barges. The steamer Champion sunk; Charles Forbes' boating house was carried down the river, and various other losses swell the total to $50,500. The river has risen twenty-eight feet since last night, and is now running furiously.

OUT WEST.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy has been admitted to the Colorado pool.

Edward Remenyi, the great violinist, will spend this summer vacation in Colorado.

One Salida firm shipped over sixty car loads of charcoal during the month of July.

The exposition building and grounds at Denver will be illuminated with the electric light.

Ice water will in the future be distributed among the audience between the acts at the Tabor Grand, Denver.

The Denver waiters have struck for an increase in their pay to one dollar and a half a day during the exposition.

Samuel Poff, a Park county miner who had his leg broken, afterward committed suicide by blowing his brains out, to escape being a cripple for life.

METHODIST MINISTERS.

Programme of the Conference which Begins To-night.

Already a large number of Methodist clergymen are beginning to arrive in the city from various parts of the state, to be in attendance at the conference which begins to-night, with a sermon by Elder J. H. Merritt, of Silver Cliff. Those who are now arriving come more especially to attend the meetings of the various committees, which will be held to-day. It is estimated that there will be fully one hundred ministers from the various churches in attendance. Below we give a programme of the conference, which will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church, and to which are all invited.

WEDNESDAY.

7:45 p. m. Conference sermon by Rev. J. H. Merritt, of Silver Cliff.

THURSDAY.

9 a. m. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered and the conference organized by Bishop R. S. Foster.

3 p. m.—Anniversary of the Preachers' Aid society, addressed by Rev. David H. Moore, president of the Denver university.

7:45 p. m.—Anniversary of the Church Extension and Freedman's Aid societies, addressed by Reverends N. A. Campbell and O. L. Fisher and Reverends C. W. Buoy and W. A. Gillam.

FRIDAY.

9 a. m. to 12 m. Conference session.

3 p. m.—Ladies' meeting on mission interests; Mrs. Mary C. Nind, Mrs. Lucy E. Prescott and Mrs. H. M. Shattuck.

7:45 p. m.—Anniversary of the educational society. Speakers, Prof. E. T. Alling and Judge J. M. North.

SATURDAY.

9 a. m. to 12 m. Conference session.

3 p. m.—Missionary sermon by Rev. S. W. Winsor.

7:45 p. m.—Anniversary of the missionary society; addressed by Reverends John Wilson and R. W. Manly and Bishop Ooster.

SUNDAY.

9:30 to 10:45 a. m. Conference love feast.

11 a. m. Sermon by Bishop Foster.

3 p. m.—Children's meeting.

7:45 p. m. Sermon by some one not yet decided upon.

The Colorado Springs colored people observed Emancipation Day in a good old-fashioned manner. In the morning they held a picnic at Cheyenne cañon and in the evening a social at the church, followed by a dance at Mr. Buckner's residence.

MANITOU MENTION.

Personal Notes and Other Matters of Interest.

A large number of people left the Manitou hotels to attend the opening exercises at the exposition yesterday, consequently they are very quiet. Many of those who left will, however, return in a few days.

The guest of the Beebee indulged in a pleasant social hop last night.

For two weeks or more the bridge leading from the main road to the Manitou house has been barricaded and no steps seem to have been taken by the town authorities to repair it.

Twenty-nine guests of the Cliff house picnicked in Cheyenne canon yesterday. They all report a very enjoyable time.

Mr. W. H. Mitchell, a well known banker of Chicago and Alton, Illinois, is at the Barker house. The Barker seems to be the resort of many of the Illinois people this season, Peoria people especially predominating.

Ten of the Barker house guests went on a picnic yesterday to the half way house on the Pike's Peak trail.

The customary weekly hop will be given in the dining room of the Manitou house to-night. The music will be furnished by the opera house orchestra.

Chief Clerk Bailey, of the Beebee missed his dog, a very valuable one, the other day. He began to think that he had been poisoned or shot but yesterday the animal put in his appearance, having made a visit to Pike's Peak.

Moonlight rides through the Garden of the Gods to Colorado Springs are now participated in by many of the Manitou guests, both young and old.

All of the hotel proprietors anticipate that this month will be one of the liveliest ones ever experienced at Manitou.

Mr. M. M. Houseman, a leading merchant of Grand Rapids, Michigan, registered at the Manitou house yesterday. He is making a general tour of the west.

The gentlemen guests of the Cliff house were last night initiated into a mysterious order originated by the ladies. Among those who took all the degrees were Congressman Herbert, of Alabama, Postmaster Williams, of Manitou, and Mr. Brooks, the correspondent of the Republic.

Mr. P. D. Ridenour, the well known groceryman of Kansas City, left the Beebee house last night for Wagon Wheel Gap, accompanied by his family.

Mrs. Ed. Sumner, of the Manitou house, is the champion lady bowler. She last evening rolled 288 out of a possible 300, the best record ever made by any lady at Manitou.

BEEBEE HOUSE. S H Elsman, Aaron Mendleson, Detroit; J V Wynne, Macon, Ga; R D Alton, Cleveland; N E Markolow, Miss Etta Wells, Miss Cora Doone, Miss Nellie Wakeley, Mrs Charles Wells, Omaha; W A Stewart and family, Baltimore; Emil Heyn, Detroit; George Turnbull and wife, New York.

CLIFF HOUSE.—R Richards and wife, Blairstown, Iowa; I L Cady and wife, J M Bolton and wife, Atlantic, Iowa; J S Wood and wife, Mrs Stile, and son, Ollmont, Iowa; A C Stegart, Denver.

BARKER HOUSE. S L Gill, Peoria, Ill; J H Murray, Portsmouth, Ohio; E D Swartwood, Rochester, Minn; W H Nice, Greeley, Colo; Miss W Mitchell, St Louis; W H Mitchell, Chicago.

MANITOU HOUSE.—M M Houseman, Grand Rapids; Mrs S Taylor, Iowa; Mrs Naber, Chicago; Mrs H E Gates, Kansas City; B F Miller, New Orleans; F C Newton, Manitou Park; R Burton, Manitou Park; S T Knight, Asa Turner, Hannibal, Mo.; J B Guillow, Boston; N Hodges, J. H Amble, Akron, Ohio; C C Eckhert, Silver Cliff; L Pratt, Chicago; L E Southwick, Friend, Nebraska; L P Mauger, Iowa; L B Zoeger, Iowa.

KILLED AND ROBBED.

The Body of a Telegraph Operator Found On the Plains East of Denver.

Special to the Colorado Springs GAZETTE.

DENVER, August 1. The body of Charles Schultz, a telegraph operator, was found on the plains five miles east of here, and not far from the track of the Julesburg cut-off, today. About two months ago Schultz, who had for some time been working in the Western Union Telegraph office here, started for his home in Minneapolis, Minn., having been summoned there by the sickness of his father. Since leaving Denver, despite all the efforts of the family of the young man to ascertain his whereabouts, nothing had been heard of him until his decomposed body was found on the plains.

A bullet hole was found under his left arm and his pockets had been rifled of all money and valuables. It is presumed that he was induced to leave the train at one of the stations on the road under some pretense and then killed and robbed. Schultz was a young man about twenty-one years of age, sober and industrious and at the time he left Denver had considerable money in his possession. The case is a very mysterious one and will be difficult to unravel.

Colorado Railroad Business.

BOSTON, August 1.—President Perkins, of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, and Vice-President Atkins, of the Union Pacific railroad, with counsel and members of both directories, had a conference here in reference to a settlement of the Colorado difficulty. Another meeting will be held Wednesday with President Dillon in attendance. In the meeting both parties are forbidden any cutting rates on their lines.

Newspaper ARCHIVES.com

DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.
Per annum......$10.00 | Six Months......$5.00
Three Months......2.50 | One Month......1.00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.
Per annum......$2.00 | Six Months......$1.25
Three Months......50 | One Month......25

ADVERTISING
Rates made known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.
Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. Harry [illegible] the authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing Company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

Call for Republican State Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
DENVER, July 21, 1882.

In pursuance of the action of the Republican State Central Committee, a convention of the republican party of Colorado is hereby called to meet at Denver on Thursday, September 14th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices to be filled by election on Tuesday, November 7th, 1882, as follows:

One representative in the 48th congress.
One judge of the supreme court.
One governor.
One lieutenant governor.
One secretary of state.
One state treasurer.
One auditor of state.
One attorney general.
One superintendent of public instruction.
Two regents of the university.

The several counties of the state will be entitled to representation as fixed by the committee, as follows:

Arapahoe	43	Jefferson	9
Bent	3	Lake	30
Boulder	11	Larimer	7
Conejos	7	La Plata	4
Costilla	4	Las Animas	8
Custer	14	Ouray	6
Chaffee	12	Park	5
Clear Creek	17	Pueblo	9
Douglas	4	Pitkin	4
Dolores	4	Routt	1
Elbert	3	Rio Grande	4
El Paso	12	Summit	14
Fremont	7	Saguache	6
Gilpin	18	San Juan	3
Grand	2	Weld	9
Gunnison	11		
Hinsdale	5	Total	311
Huerfano	6		

The convention will transact the foregoing and such other business as may properly come before it.

It is recommended that the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh judicial districts select delegates at the same time of selecting delegates to this convention to nominate candidates for district judges and district attorneys.

JOHN L. ROUTT, Chairman.
GEORGE T. CLARK, Secretary.

The Leadville Herald gives us this comfort: "The GAZETTE can at least congratulate itself that the Reds made one more run than the Denver Browns against the Blues."

The Gothic Miner thus rejoices over the passage of the Ute bill: "Since the announcement of the passage of the reservation bill last Saturday, there has been a marked change in the general appearance of things. Every day since then miners and prospectors have been leaving for the mountains in all directions either to prospect in new territory or to work mines already located. From now on Gothic will experience a revival."

Though El Paso county has no representation at the exposition, and partly so because of the poor encouragement received from the managers of the exposition, we desire to sincerely congratulate Denver on the success attending the opening. The citizens of Denver have shown remarkable energy and ability to organize so vast an industrial exhibition in so short a time. We are convinced that it will result in permanent good to the state as a whole. The exposition was conceived in the broadest and wisest public spirit, and has been organized with generous intentions. We trust that El Paso county will have some part in it before it is over.

The Denver Times very frankly corrects its misquotation of the Rio Grande bonds. Will it do another act of justice? On different occasions it has misrepresented the GAZETTE in respect to the recent discussion on the placing of the Denver & New Orleans bonds. We scrupulously avoided making any comments whatever on the subject as the rumors for and against were not definite information. The only thing we have published on the subject, outside of regular Associated Press reports, was the interview with Governor Evans published in the Denver News. The Denver & New Orleans proposes to come into this city and regard for public interest prompted us to treat this corporation fairly and courteously. We did not favor a right of way that we thought injurious to the interests of this city, but we have always favored giving a right of way as advantageous for securing business as any railroad now has, or any railroad coming into the city should have.

We cannot speak too warmly of the veto by President Arthur of the harbor and river bill. The veto message is a strong public document which will be well received by the country. It does not put the objections to the bill on any narrow grounds and distinctly expresses *approval of all such* appropriations for improvements of general interest to the country. The present bill required such an immense expenditure of money *in so short a time* that it must have resulted in extravagance and waste. Besides such a vast number of new improvements were inaugurated by it that the expenditure for next year would probably have been over $20,000,000. We cannot afford to expend so much money when some of our taxes are felt to be so burdensome. The *president draws the right line when he says* that congress should not make appropriations for strictly local purposes such as were contained in the New Jersey appropriations we published yesterday. This veto will give confidence in the administration and we gladly express our satisfaction. It has shown great courage on the part of the president to resist the pressure which must have been brought to bear on him from all sides.

I desire to make a statement under my own signature in regard to the charges made by the Republic that the GAZETTE received its Manitou correspondence on Saturday and held it until Monday. The charge was originally made in the following paragraph:

"The Manitou items which were intended for Saturday's Republic, were delivered by the postal clerk to the GAZETTE, which, of course, was not particular about returning the letter so that this paper should have the latest news. Hence the disappointment to our Manitou readers on Saturday.—[Republic, July 30.

After finding that no such letter had been delivered either in the business office or in the editorial rooms on Saturday or after, I denied the charge in an editorial yesterday. I did so because it must have been received by myself or some one in the business office or editorial rooms to have been suppressed for the reason given. Yesterday the Republic came back to the charge with the following:

"Our morning contemporary wants to make it appear that it did not capture and hold our last Saturday's Manitou correspondence until Monday. We are prepared to prove (1), that the said correspondence came into the hands of the GAZETTE, or, at least, one of its employes, on Saturday, (2), that it was not returned to Postmaster Price until the forenoon of Monday. The first item can be testified to by a GAZETTE employe, and the second by Postmaster Price. The truth about this matter is that the GAZETTE has been guilty of a downright discourtesy—a term which is too light to express its act—and now seeks to evade its responsibility in the premises by the use of its favorite "argument"—a slur, coupled with attempted facetiousness.

After seeing the above I concluded that Jesse Newman, our office boy, was the employe alluded to. On enquiring of him, I learned that on Monday morning he found the missing Republic letter in the GAZETTE box, under the Sunday mail, and without taking it from the office, threw it back into the postoffice and notified a postal clerk that he had done this. Afterwards I saw Mr. Cortnan, of the Republic, and he stated that Jesse Newman told him he had taken it out Saturday. This Newman denies. He said that he did not say he took it out Saturday but Monday. Milton Brown, the mailing clerk of the GAZETTE, heard the conversation and he says that Newman did not tell Mr. Cornan the letter was taken out on Saturday. There was probably some misunderstanding of the questions, as we think Mr. Cornan understood the interview as he states. But Newman told Mr. Cornan that he immediately returned the letter without taking it from the office, and Milton Brown corroborates this. On further investigation we found last evening that on Saturday noon Newman found a letter in the GAZETTE box directed to the Republic, which he threw back into the office. Milton Brown was with Newman when he did this and distinctly remembers that he threw the letter back. I might say in this connection that the two boxes are adjoining. Newman says he did not think of this in his interview with Mr. Cornan or in his first interview with me, and it only was brought to his mind by Brown last evening. The letter found in the GAZETTE box Saturday was probably the one found in the same place Monday. It is possible after Newman threw it back into the office it was pushed under our box and put back in the box after the mail was taken from there Saturday night and there lay until Sunday's mail was taken on Monday. Newman is positive that he did not take the letter from the office. This is all I know about the letter. Concerning the charge that the letter was suppressed by me, I desire to deny it. Nor was it suppressed by any one connected with the GAZETTE; nor was any attempt whatever made to deprive the Republic of its mail by any one in this office. The letter never was in the GAZETTE office, or in the hands of any one connected with the GAZETTE, except Newman, who did not take it from the post office, and this boy cannot be accused of conspiring to deprive the Republic of its letters. His only fault was his carelessness in returning the letter on Saturday. I wish to beg the pardon of the readers of the GAZETTE for making so lengthy a statement, but it seemed to be the only way to authoritatively deny a very serious charge, which I should never have been called upon to deny.

B. W. STEELE.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

To-night there will be the preliminary exercises of the Colorado annual Methodist conference, and it deserves more than passing notice. Green, in the preface to the most brilliantly written history in our language, says that he will give most space to those events which have most molded the character of the English people, and hence he will give far more attention to the rise of Methodism than to the romantic efforts of the Stuarts to regain the throne. Our daily chroniclers of history in Colorado might do well to allow such a principle to determine in some degree the space given to news. The rise of Methodism in this country was characterized by the earnestness and self-sacrifice of its apostles. There followed a growth which is phenomenal in religious history. It was in 1766 that Philip Embury began to utter his burning exhortations in the rigging loft in New York city. The first annual conference was held in 1773, when the church numbered one thousand one hundred and sixty members and ten preachers. From this humble beginning has grown the strongest religious denomination in this country, with a membership of nearly three millions on this continent, representing a population of nearly ten millions.

The name of the church was given because of the method in the lives of the founders at Oxford. It might rather be applied now because of the method in work. It cannot be said to have distinctive doctrines so much as distinctive method in work. We recognize the church not by its creed, but by its missionary work. The characteristic has always remained, and the history of the Methodist church in Colorado is not unlike that everywhere. On the 18th of June, 1860, the Rev. William Howbert and his son Irving so well known here, started on the first Methodist missionary tour in southern Colorado, commissioned by the presiding elder of the Kansas Methodist conference. His diary gives an interesting record of the work for the summer, in which he visited the country through South Park, the Arkansas Valley, Colorado City and other places. At Hamilton, where he arrived on June 25th, he immediately organized a church. Though the population was only one hundred, a subscription for a four-hundred-and-fifty-dollar meeting house was raised, and by August 1st his church was nearly completed. This was the first Methodist church erected in the whole Rocky Mountain region. But his circuit was all southern Colorado, and we find him between the time of his first visit to Hamilton and the completion of his church at Blue River, Breckenridge, California Gulch, Buckskin, Denver and Colorado City, where he preached the gospel, organized classes, buried the dead, performed the marriage ceremony, and comforted the afflicted. The story is eloquent in good, earnest work and places the Rev. Mr. Howbert by the side of the pioneer apostles of Methodism. During the conference statistics will be given showing the wonderful growth of this denomination, the beginning of which in Colorado we have so briefly described.

House Proceedings.

Robeson, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the naval appropriation bill recommending non-concurrence in all senate amendments except delaying the completion of monitors until an advisory board reports to congress. This they recommend to concur in.

The following amendments were concurred in by the house: Reducing from $20,000 to $15,000 the item for contingent expenses in the bureau of equipment and recruiting; reducing from $40,000 to $35,000 the item for transportation of enlisted men; providing for the appointment of a commission to report on the advisability of selling any of the navy yards; reducing from $20,000 to $15,000 the appropriation *for contingent expenses* of the bureau of medicine and surgery; providing that nothing in this bill contained shall deprive the secretary of the navy of the authority to order repairs of ships damaged in foreign waters; providing the two steam cruisers authorized to be constructed shall not cost more than the amount estimated by the late advisory board; reducing from $2,200,000 to $1,600,000 the appropriation for the bureau of steam engineering; reducing from $1,000,000 to $400,000 the amount to be applied to the completion of the Miantonomah and launching other monitors. Amendments relative to monitors were also concurred in as recommended by the committee on appropriations. The other amendments were non-concurred in.

Williams, of Wisconsin, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, submitted a report on the Chili-Peru investigation. Placed on the house calendar.

Williams, of Wisconsin, from the conference committee on the Japanese indemnity bill, reported that the committee was unable to agree. Further conference was ordered.

Anderson, of Kansas, offered a resolution providing for the final adjournment of congress as soon as August 4th. *Lost.*

Hiscock moved to refer the resolution to the committee on appropriations. The yeas and nays were ordered, but before the call began, a noisy discussion arose as to the propriety of agreeing to the adjournment resolution.

Kasson inquired whether *the gentlemen on* on the other side desired to adjourn before the senate passed the bill for reduction of taxes. [Laughter.]

Kasson—I don't wonder the gentlemen smile, and smile aloud, because no one can deny that they have endeavored to thwart the passage of the bill for reduction of taxes this session. I can say, expressing my opinion as a member of the committee on ways and means, that the house should not adopt any resolution for adjournment until it has been actually decided in the senate whether it will reject or adopt the bill for reduction of taxes.

Blackburn, of Kentucky—The chairman of the committee on ways and means, who has left to return no more this session, as I understood—

Kasson, interrupting—That is an error.

Blackburn, continuing—Told me it was agreed that the bill was not to be acted on till the December session.

Kasson—I have no such information from the chairman. I think he has not authorized any such declaration in public. [Laughter on the democratic side].

Blackburn—He made that declaration to me, but not in private.

Kasson replied that no action *of the* ways and means committee could be any foundation for the declaration. Any member who insisted on drawing taxes from the people which the government did not need would go upon record in favor of the adjournment resolution.

The resolution was referred; yeas 90, nays 77.

Springer, of Illinois, from the committee on printing, reported back the senate bill appropriating $078,027 for printing and binding the tenth census. The bill passed.

At this point a message was received from the president announcing his disapproval of the river and harbor bill. It was read and ordered printed.

The reading was only once interrupted and that was when a hearty laugh greeted the sentence, "Thus, as a bill becomes more objectionable it secures more support." Beyond this there was no manifestation of approval or disapproval.

Adjourned.

Enjoying Life in Morocco.

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner writes in the Atlantic for August: "No sooner does one land in Africa than he passes *into a sphere* of tranquility, and enjoys a state of rest and calm to which all parts of Europe are strangers. The haste and flurry of life fall off like an irksome garment shed on a hot day; time is of no more account; and worry is impossible amid a population which moves with delightful slowness, and defers all necessary exertion till to-morrow. Whatever may be the bustle of arrival, the clamor of boatmen, the indescribable noise and tumult and vociferation of the swarm that assails the stranger, seizes his property with a hundred hands and threatens to scatter it all over Morocco, whatever may be the tumult of the market place, with its *camels*, and *donkeys*, and dervishes, and conjurers and beggars in clouds, sellers of lentils, and greens, and bundles of sticks for firewood, grain, sugar-candy, dates, oranges, pottery, and "truck" of all sorts, powdered with dust; whatever may be the importunity of sellers and the eagerness to act as guides by bright-eyed boys, who have a smattering of half a dozen languages and often the courtly manner of princes, there is, nevertheless, in all this noise and rout a sense of underlying calm, of absence of hurry, very grateful to Europeans, whose nerves, in the development of civilization, have all worked out upon the *surface*. There is even something soothing in the ceaseless and monotonous tom-tom of the drums, and the skirmishing and plaintive attempts of the flutes to suggest the minor air they are too lazy to play, and in the spasmodic and die-away ejaculations of the musicians who sit upon the ground, worrying away at the tunes that are a thousand years old, and will be played with the same industrious idleness a thousand years hence. It requires less energy for the performers to go on with this kind of music than to stop."

An Unwritten Law.

Exchange.

It is an unwritten law, well understood in journalism, that no editor is under the slightest obligations to give a reason for his acceptance or non-acceptance of a manuscript. He is not called upon to write a private critique on the article to the author of it. His acceptance or rejection is an absolute and unquestionable fact. Among amateur writers this does not seem to be understood. All sub-editors and reporters understand that it is an unjustifiable impertinence to ask the managing editor his reason for publishing or not publishing any matter submitted to his judgment. Outside writers and aspiring amateurs rarely seem to comprehend this truth, and their transgressions are largely from ignorance rather than inattention. The nature of editorial work requires absolute power of decision in order to preserve the unities of the journal the editor conducts.

LETTER LIST

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, for the week ending August 2, 1882:

Allen, B D	Maloney, Tom
Bonehaunt, W O	Thompson, Macal
Cookson, Laura B	Thompson, Samuel C
Fletcher, Mrs Ellen	Thompson, W H
Farley, Mrs Lizzie	Thomas, Mrs Sarah
Graves, Ella M	Wilcox, Mrs S A
Jones, Thos L	Wright, Willie J
Lewis, Calvin	White, D C

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "advertised letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty (30) days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

E. I. PRICE, P. M.

QUOTATIONS BY TELEGRAPH.

Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, August 1.

Silver bars, 1.14.
Money, 2½@3.
Governments, weak.
Stocks, firm.
The following are the quotations:

BONDS.

United States 6's	120⅞	Northern Pacific	47⅝
" 4½'s	114⅜	Kansas Pacific	104⅞
" 5's	101⅞	K. P. (Denver div.)	109⅝
" 4's	101⅞	Denver & Rio G'de	110⅜
Union Pacific	116⅞	D., S. P. & P	101⅞
Central Pacific(1st)	118⅞		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

W., F. & Co. Ex	123	Ohio & Mississippi	41
Am. Ex. Co.	91	Phila. & Reading	61⅞
U. S. Ex. Co.	58⅞	C., R. I. & P	133
Canada Southern	63⅞	C., M. & St. P	120⅞
Central Pacific	96⅞	Texas Pacific	54⅞
C., B. & Q	131⅞	Union Pacific	117⅞
D., L. & W	138⅞	Wabash	35⅞
D. & H. C	61⅞	W. U. Tel. Co	86⅞
Hannibal & St. Joe	65	New York Central	135⅞
M., K. & T	41⅞	Erie	40⅞
Lake Shore	115⅞	Pacific Mail	47⅞
L. & N	77⅞	Panama (offered)	165
Michigan Central	100⅞	Chicago & Alton	
Jersey Central	81⅞	Am. Union Tel. Co.	
Northern Pacific	50	A. & P. Tel.	
C. & N. W	157⅞	C., C. & I. Co.	

Pianos, organs and sewing machines for sale or rent and repaired at Aikon's music store. w-22-10-tf

NATIVE JEWELRY!

Reasons why it is to the interest of tourists and others to buy Native Jewelry of us: We make a specialty of Native Jewelry, and being the only strictly manufacturers in town and having the machinery and appliances necessary, and devoting our attention to that special branch, we can give you better work, more original designs and lower prices, superior work considering than any house in town. We make our work. It is not cheap eastern work. Compare goods with us before buying. Special designs furnished for ordered work. Watches and jewelry repaired by a skillful workmen.

A. ALLEN,

Colorado Springs and Manitou. f-9-tf

THE CLIFF HOUSE

At Manitou Springs, Col.,

Is in first-class shape for the summer. Parties *looking for board at Manitou will do well to look at the accommodations afforded.* Reduced rates made for families by the week.
1-27-tf E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

FOR SALE

—AT—

HOWBERT BROS.

n-25-tf

LAST CALL!

The balance of our stock of

DRY GOODS, &c.

WILL BE CLOSED OUT AT

AUCTION SALE

—TO BEGIN—

Tuesday, August 1

Auction every day from 10 to 11 o'clock a. m., from 4 to 5 o'clock p. m., and in the evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Goods at Private Sale at Auction Prices,

EVERYTHING GOES!

WEATHERBY BROS.,

23, S. Tejon Street.

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

On good real estate security.

FOR SALE!

Elegant North Nevada avenue cottage, 7 rooms, 3 closets, pantry, stone cellar 15x22, high ceilings, screens on doors, windows all on weights and with sliding screens, excellent barn ceiled inside. Buildings all new. One of the most complete homes in the city. Lot 75x100, with lawn, shrubbery, garden, &c. This property is situated contiguous to other beautiful grounds and fine residences. If sold within a few days it can be had at a very low figure.

CHARMING WEBER STREET RESIDENCE, most beautiful grounds completely covered with choicest varieties of ornamental trees—white birch, cut leaf maple, white ash, lingo, evergreens in great variety, flowering shrubs, vines and roses in profusion, small fruits of every description; in short, a most rare combination of ornamental trees, plants and shrubs, forming grounds which can only be produced by good judgment, liberal expenditure and years of cultivation.

The new and beautiful residence of Mr. Coulter on North Tejon st. near the public square. This place, but recently completed, is thoroughly built of selected material, and nicely finished in all its parts. Floors double with building paper between, large bay window, connecting parlors, shuttle head windows opening on porch, large closets, linen-drawers, nice pantry with flour bin, closets and drawers, stone cellar, bath room, stationary stands, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Choice property, situated in one of the best residence blocks in the city. Parties desiring to examine it will please call for a permit. Price reasonable.

BUSINESS OPENING, in one of the most successful houses in the city. But moderate capital required. This is a rare opportunity for securing a safe and prosperous business.

Beautiful cottage with large and attractive grounds on N. Tejon st. near public square. A gem. $5,500.

Hay ranch, *one of the best in the state*, cuts an average of 360 tons hay yearly, besides several hundred acres tillable land under ditch with abundance of water in the dryest season, 8 miles fenced one way by 9 the other.

Two choice lots on North Weber street, near city water; $350 each.

Large corner lot with nice residence on Huerfano st.; $3,600.

Splendid corner on North Tejon st., 50x190, fronting south and east; city water to pass the lot; good fence and shade trees. A very desirable corner; $1,200. Also a good inside lot well fenced and near the above, 100x190, for $800.

A ranch near Husted station; 480 acres under barbed wire fence, 300 acres tillable, cuts 15 to 20 tons of hay, stream of water, also living spring. House of 4 rooms, pantry and two closets, outside cellar, frame barn for eight horses, tight board corral, tight board garden fence, large adjoining range, 14 acres of timber, 50,000 feet of saw lumber. Best dairy ranch in that vicinity. $2,500.

Small house on South Nevada ave, $750, lot 50x190.

House of 2 rooms on South Nevada ave, lot 50x190; $600.

20 acre ranch close to town; $1,100.

New two story house on North Nevada ave, modern style and first class in every respect; $5,500.

Pretty cottage on Nevada ave., three blocks from postoffice, with nice lot 100x190, good goo[d] lawn, garden, strawberry bed, &c., $2,100. Bargain.

Rare chance. Very nice pleasant cottage of six rooms completely furnished, in payments to suit. Location is excellent (Nevada ave. near Pike's Peak ave.) House is new, well built and home like. A very desirable property, close to centre of business. $3,500 for house and furniture complete, small payment down, long time on balance.

Cottage house on N. Tejon st., near first-class business property. This is a choice location, and can be had at a real bargain for a few days. Do not fail to see it.

Very choice business property on Tejon st., one of the best locations in the city.

Corner lot with two nice houses on west side Weber st. north of Pike's Peak avenue. This is a splendid *property either for residence purposes or as an investment as it is in* one of the best locations in the city and pays good interest.

I have for sale a few vacant lots on North Nevada avenue near the lands of the North End Improvement company and in the vicinity of some of the finest residences in the city, which I can sell very low.

Fine new residence on North Nevada ave. near St. Vrain st.; lot 100x190; house of 7 rooms built by day's work in best of manner. Splendid location and very cheap place.

Fine corner lot on Pike's Peak avenue with house of 10 rooms, good barn, lawn, shade trees, etc., $3,800; *one of the cheapest properties in the market.*

Two-story residence of 7 rooms on South Weber st. Fine grounds, stable, etc. Lot 50x190, $3,600. The improvements alone on this property are well worth the money.

BUSINESS.—I have for sale the very prosperous business of Mr. Norton on Kiowa street near Tejon, including a large amount of nice furniture.

Corner lot on South Nevada ave. $275. Lot adjoining above for $325.

Cozy place on North Tejon st., lot 50x190, house well adapted for two small families. Half of the house is now rented for $25 per month. *Excellent location*, $3,600.

Very pleasant cottage on South Nevada av., for $950.

Splendid corner 50x190 on Tejon st., $1,500.

One of the best residences on N. Cascade avenue, with large finely kept grounds; can be had for a few days at a low figure.

Corner lot 50x100 on South Tejon st. with 7 rooms, closet and cellar, $1,800.

Very pretty 1½ story house of 8 rooms on the west side North Tejon st.; nice porches, lawn, etc., good barn, $4,300.

Splendid sheep ranch, 4½ miles from city limits; 8,000 acres under fence also good division fences, excellent sheds 6½ feet high. Stone house 7 large rooms; several cabins, corrals, abundance of water, and as good facility for handling a large number of sheep as can be found in the state. Rare opportunity for sheep business on a large scale, and near city.

FOR RENT.

Furnished cottage of 4 rooms near center of town; $25.

Elegantly furnished house on the northwest corner of Tejon st. and Willamette ave., of 7 rooms, barn, etc., fine lawn, splendid neighborhood, $75 per month.

Nice house on Huerfano st., newly papered and painted; $25.

5 room house on Huerfano; $22.50.

5 room cottage on Kiowa st., newly furnished; $40.

The above embraces but a small portion of the properties I have for sale.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money are cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE, Tejon street, opposite Opera House. b-20-tf

Wills & Sharpless,

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

Insurance.

Fire Insurance Written in the Strongest Companies.

MONEY TO LOAN

On approved Real Estate security.

Houses for Rent, Furnished and Unfurnished

City Lots and Improved Property For Sale.

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

FOR SALE!

We offer the following lots at very reasonable prices:

Lots 7 and 8 in block 1.
Lot 1 in block 2.
Lot 2 and north half of 3 in block 3.
Lot 4 in block 4.
Lots 2, 3 and 8 in block 11.
Lot 4 in block 12.
Lots 1 and 4 in block 13.
Lot 4 in block 14.
Lots 1, 2 and 8 in block 21.
Lot 3 in block 23.
Lot 4 in block 24.
Lots 1, 7, 10, 13, 15 and 16 in block 31.
Lots 1, 1, 5 and 8 in block 34.
Lots 12, 13 and 16 in block 43.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 10 and 12 in block 41.
Lot 10 in block 51.
Lots 1, 14, 15 and 16 in block 54.
Lot 11 in block 61.
Lots 7 to 13 in block 71.
Lots 5, 6, 11 and 12 in block 81.
75x190, northwest corner block 85.
10x65, southwest corner block 102.
Lot 3 in block 203.
Lot 4 in block 205.
All of block 209 in 100-foot lots.
Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 212.
Nine lots in block 213.
100x190, facing Tejon, block 214.
100x190, southwest corner block 215.
257 feet front in lots, block 215.
Also lots in block 221, 221, 225, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 246, 247, 250, 283, 270, 311, 313, 314, 315 and 316, as well as a large number of improved properties which we should be pleased to show at any time.

FOR RENT.

House of six rooms on [illegible], [illegible] furnished. City water and all conveniences. Per month $30.

Well furnished house on North Nevada av. 5 rooms; $40 per month.

New house in best part of town completely and handsomely furnished, fine view, desirable in every way. Per month $50.

A double house on Boulder st. each part having 8 rooms and large cellar. Houses and outbuildings in the best order. Will rent separately at $40 each or the whole place to a party desiring to establish a first-class boarding house for $75.

A completely furnished brick house of 4 rooms with stove, &c., on a corner lot; city water; a desirable place; per month $25.

House of 8 rooms on Wahsatch; per mo. $22.

Small house on Weber; per mo. $8.

House of 8 rooms with double veranda on a corner on Cascade avenue. Partly furnished; per month $45.

The Kirk residence of General Thomas on Cascade ave., with new stable and extensive grounds, etc.

OFFICE, NO. 9 N. TEJON STREET.

Opp. Opera House.
h 19

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates.

Second year of Mrs. L. Parker's private school begins Monday, Sept. 4. Three grades—Preparatory, Intermediate, and Academic. Tuition according to grade. Kindergarten under charge of Miss Fannie Lair. f-25-tf

G. W. LAWRENCE, M. D.

Homœopathist.

OFFICE—PREWITT BLOCK; office hours, 8.30 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. g-8-tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE

DENTIST.

UNION BLOCK. n-22-tf

JOHN CAMPBELL,

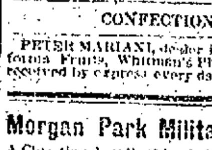
(Successor to Helm & Campbell,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, opposite post office, rooms 2 and 3 Stretteil's block. m-10-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



JAMES DUNCAN'S MUSIC STORE. Pianos and Organs for sale or rent. East side of Tejon, near Kiowa. f-17-tf

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays of each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

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NORTH END MARKET, cor. Tejon and Kiowa. A. B. Mack, Proprietor, wholesale and retail dealer in the choicest meats of all kinds, ranch and state butter and eggs. I make a specialty of solid meat oysters, fish, game, etc. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. k-1-tf

PIKE'S PEAK MARKET, No. 42 Pike's Peak avenue, Hopkins & Conger, proprietors, wholesale and retail dealers in beef, mutton, pork, poultry, fish and game. Telephone connection with all parts of the city. Orders promptly filled. m-14-tf

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PETER MARIANI, dealer in Eastern and California Fruits, Whitman's Philadelphia Candies received by express every day. f-04

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A Christian Family School for Boys. Prepares for College, Scientific School or business. Send to Capt. ED. N. KIRK TALCOTT, Principal, Morgan Park, Cook Co., Ill., for catalogue. dwg-25-5m*

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DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1882

SEVEN LAKES.

Description of This Charming Mountain Resort as Given by H. H. in the Atlantic

One of the most beautiful places of resort around the Seven Lakes. As there are many tourists here who wish to know about this most beautiful places, we reprint a portion of an article written by "H. H.," for the Atlantic, this spring, giving an account of a trip that she took last summer.

It would seem, perhaps, that to people living six thousand feet up in the air, a mile or so farther up would *not be a matter of much* moment or interest. Not so. The most passionate climbers and lovers of mountains are mountain dwellers. Only they know the mysterious peak just out of reach can be; of the haunting, insatiate desire, which takes possession of one, gazing, day after day, from heights already won to heights unattained, but near.

* * * * *

A mile higher up than Colorado Springs, quite out of sight—in fact, not even indicated by a dip or a break in the mountain's front as seen from this town—is a vast basin, where in the days of those prehistoric poets, the pterodactyls, there must have been a mighty mountain-locked sea. Pike's Peak walls it on the [illegible], and a half score more of gentle [illegible], from ten to twelve thousand feet. Gradually part of it filtered and sank, made its way to the plains in two or three beautiful little streams, and what was left of it broke up into a *chain or group of* seven lakes, separated by belts and clefts of grass-tending, flower bearing meadow.

Hunters have known the spot for many years and a trail to it was made many years ago from the Pike's Peak trail, so that the strong and adventurous, who can sit a steady on the back of a horse which is dancing on his hind legs and pawing the air with his fore legs, that is as intimate a description of what it is like to go up steep trails on horseback as I can give—have been able to see the Seven Lakes. But a spot that can be reached only in this method cannot be properly be said to be accessible, and in spite of the cross trail, these beautiful lakes remained, summer after summer, almost an inexhaustible aqua to the thirsty people living on the parched plain, only a mile below, that is, only a mile below as the plummet flies—nearly twenty by the trail.

Four or five years ago, two of the hunters who first discovered the place built there a log house two stories high, and with fourteen rooms—an uncommon height and size for a log house. The log house, however, was only the visible token of an air-castle much bigger and better than itself. Loving the spot as only hunters could, and knowing all its charms and *fascination as only hunters* can, they had wild dreams that merely by luring and feeding people who came up there they could lure them into staying a long time. They had still wilder dreams of stocking the lakes with fish, cutting bridle paths to the tops of all the high peaks, keeping [illegible] guides, and all sorts of hunting equipments, and so making a "summer resort" of the place. Of course, they failed miserably. To build even a log house where even a pound of nails must be brought twenty miles by horse or mule, a twenty miles' steady climb is clear work. The poor fellows had to give up, with a good deal less than their labor *for their pains*, and their interest fell into the hands of a strange man—a man who if he had been born a Mohammedan, would, no doubt, have been a [illegible] dervish, and roamed from city to city and desert to desert, preaching by the wayside. I never see him on our streets without thinking how quickly a bronzed skin, a green turban, and flowing robe could transform him into the semblance of an ideal dervish of the [illegible] order. But, having been born an American he drifted into some out-of-the-way [illegible] of the spiritualistic order, and [illegible] of semi-medical, semi-religious practice among the sick; never taking fees, and I believe, rating the laying on of hands after the old Apostolic-fashion, as of more value in most cases, than anything set down in the materia medica. He has wandered nearly around the globe, walked over the greater part of Palestine, and finally, in a pause of the currents of his strange life, has come to a halt in Colorado—finding in the scenery there a greater resemblance to the natural features of the Holy Land than he has seen anywhere else in the world. His wife, whom, though he is a man long past sixty, he married only a few years ago—is a person of as exceptional characteristics as his own, and as peculiar in attire and speech. She has, however, made some study of the science of medicine through regular channels, and her type of unworldliness is a shade more worldly than his, but they seem a singular, well matched and mated pair, and the wilderness is their natural habitat. Together they stride up down *and across the mountains* in midwinter, day or night, without fatigue or alarm. The old man times himself on his quick runs down to the town, and exults in their marvelous record, not so much as a token of his own remarkable vigor as a token of how the human body was meant to last, strong and vigorous for a hundred years he says, and he fails to do all one man can towards proving it, since few men of forty can equal him today.

In some one of their long tramps together, that he and his wife struck out a pathway from their house on the Seven Lakes to the old "new road" on Cheyenne mountain, by it they have been in the habit of coming and going for pleasure, ever since. It was a twenty miles' walk as against fifteen, but that odds would never enter into their reckoning, one way or the other. It was thus that the idea of the grandchild of our old new road started. A wagon road once made through this *eight miles' labyrinth of beautiful* parks and grand peaks, by which the doctor and his wife went up and down, people might drive comfortably to the very lakes, and the original intent of the inn on the shores still be realized. How much the idea of possible profit to come from such inn keeping may have had to do with the project is neither here nor there in our satisfaction in the result.

The doctor and his wife are not beholden to any inn keeping for their support; for he has always had money in a moderate way, and might have grown rich, like many of his neighbors, I dare say, if he had not had such an unworldly habit of helping men poorer than himself, by easy loans or outright gifts. It is matter of common knowledge in the town, and it is one among the strongest reasons in the minds of that money getting, [illegible] community for holding the old man to be not quite sound of intellect. I fancy that upon *another showing and a different* standard he might, on this very ground, be adjudged to be one of the few sane men in the State. But this, also, is neither here nor there in the story of the road. It was no small part of their plan to make money by lodging and feeding people in their house; and the wife has a more extended scheme of letting up a "milk cure" there, like those which have had such success and fame in Switzerland. There is sweet pasturage in abundance on the lower slopes of the surrounding mountains, and "something might come of such a project in other and more conventional hands than hers."

The rumors of the completion of this road outran the speed of the workers on it. Again and again we heard that it was open, only to learn again that it was not. By every fresh delay impatience gained, and anticipation heightened, until, finally, it was with a certain unjustified sense of personal triumph that, one early *September morning*, we set off, sure at last of being able to drive—all the way to the lakes, eleven-thousand five hundred feet above sea level.

Our old new road winds and unwinds in lasso loops on the ridges and around the ravines of the north side of Cheyenne mountain. We have summered and wintered it till we know it so well that no railroad-tie man can cut down one fir tree in sight of the road without our missing it, and we perceive if a single purple clematis patch comes to grief between one summer and another.

Ten or twelve miles we have thus known for years, and once, on a memorable summer day, we pushed still farther on, by a track faintly worn, in some places hardly that, as far as wheels could go,—down the western slopes of the mountain, into a succession of wooded basins and spurs and spaces of meadow, like breathing holes for the hurrying streams. Here, in one of these *meadow bits*, the road flickered out and disappeared in tumbled grass.

When I heard of the new road across to the Seven Lakes, I at once recalled this spot, and fancied it must be there that the Seven Lakes road came in, that ending seemed so fit beginning for a charmed way to a charmed spot. But when we reached the place, we found the wild meadow wild meadow no longer. Campfires had smirched its fair green on either side, and a scare-crow, the trunk of some vagabond, stood in it. Why any one had seen fit to cast away so seemingly decent a coat, hat and trousers there is no knowing, but there they were, hung conspicuously, stuffed out into the semblance of a man, and bearing a rough label, "Bound for Pike's Peak, or Bust." One felt an impulse to burn the thing down. It seemed such an insolent affront to the solitude. The road, which I recollected as a flickering grassy trail at this point, was now travel worn and dusty, *and led on still* westward, still up and down, over ridges and through basins, wilder and wilder, however. The stream was choked by bowlders, and tangles of fallen trees made layers upon layers of drifted lattice-work across it, the forests were darker and thicker, bare summits of stone and disintegrated rock stood out fierce against the sky. At last, from the top of a long spur, which was all a flutter with yellow aspens, we looked down into a little valley, laid like a mat between the mountain ridges—it was a mosaic of exquisite colors, brown, green, and that richest of all yellows, soft, yet bright, which painters know as "Indian yellow." Four separate mountain peaks walled the valley to south and west—one bare, stony, gray, and red; the next—one green, flecked with blazing yellow in great spaces where pines had burned down and aspens come in, the next one, bare and stony, the fourth, a solid wall of fir forest to within a thousand feet of the top, then, crowned with huge masses of many-colored rock, looking like ruins of a colossal temple. A rude gate of twisted saplings set across the road here is the only token of man's presence or possession. It is a fair enough spot to attract owners of herds. As we followed the grassy trail we passed one patch of blackened, frost bitten potatoes, a most melancholy, blighted, lost looking little strip of a field. On the other side of the valley the road begins again, this time in earnest. The west wall is a Gibraltar, the loops and turns of the road upon it look, from below, mere vertical lines. No horses could draw a loaded carriage up them, it is all they can do to take up the empty carriage itself; driver and all must walk. In the rarefied air at this altitude, one's heart becomes an alarming pedometer, at each step of the climb, it beats harder and quicker. When we reached the crest of the wall, by a simultaneous impulse we began to count pulses. From a hundred and thirty to a hundred and forty they ranged. Another valley and another wall, this time so high up that, as we looked back and off, through vistas of the forest, there was only sky for the background down to the very bottom of the nearest trees. Sky lines of myriads of summits, in drawing massive, yet clear cut, were all around us; through openings to the west were glimpses of the peaks of the main range, glittering in their eternal snow. From thousands of feet below us, to the north, there stole up shining glints and gleams of the water of the Seven Lakes. We were on the top of the south wall of their basin. Descending by zigzags through a dense forest, one gets, at turns of the fragrant fir walled tunnel, sudden sparkles of bright water, such as one gets driving fast across a wide river on a covered bridge with windows in it at intervals.

We came out on the shore of the largest lake, just as sunset reds and yellows, streaming across the zenith sky, were reflected in its surface the only way this lake ever knows sunsets, translated and handed down to it by skies. The sole motion in the scene was a comical, slow moving group just before us; a woman, with a big sketch-book under her arm, sitting with evident uneasiness and alarm on a donkey led by a little girl. The donkey, frightened by the unusual sound of wheels, began to run, and twitched his rope from the girl's hand, the artist screamed, slipped off, and sat down ignominiously on the ground, the donkey flung his heels in the air, and galloped away with a triumphant snort, answered instantly on the opposite shore by a bray from his mate, who came running at full speed to hear the joke. The expression of the two donkeys' faces, as they put their noses together, was irresistible; the first donkey, with one ear cocked back, pointing over his shoulder, so to speak, at his outwitted leader and unseated rider, plodding along on foot in the distance, the second donkey listening with a sly, appreciative, man of the world expression to the story. To have painted the scene and caught the donkeys' looks would have been a fortune to an artist.

The largest of the Seven Lakes is about *eighty acres in extent*, and lies close up to the southern wall of the basin. The next one is separated from it by a strip of meadow, only a few feet wide, through which gurgles a tiny rivulet, hidden in lush grasses,—the unseen bond between the two lakes. The others follow in irregular groups, and are of varying sizes in different seasons. It will not be at all out of the natural course of things, in Rocky Mountain parks, if a day comes when there is no lake left of all the seven. But it will not be until long after the memory of the place as it is now has been lost from the earth.

The peaks which make the south wall of the basin are all between thirteen and fourteen thousand feet high. Over such a wall as this moons and suns come late and stealthily, as if they had no right in the place. The slow approaches of moonlight on a full moon night are wonderful to see. Its first radiance begins on the northernmost peak, while yet all the lakes and the whole basin are wrapped in darkness; it is not a radiance, but a sort of shining dusk, only one shade less dark than the darkness. For hours this creeps slow as a mist, inch by inch, from peak to peak, round by way of the west; then, above the upper line of the south wall, comes a white glow; from this is diffused a silvery sheen over the upper half of the valley. Still no moon, still the larger lakes, at base of the silver-crested south wall, are black. Not until full midnight or past does the first direct beam fall on the water; then it is but a bar,—one narrow, sharp lined straight bar of white,—beneath which the water seems to quiver, shot through and through with silver sparkles, then, in a second more, the moon, as if the bar of light had been her silver wand, lifted just in advance of her, compelling surrender of the spot.

Dawn comes over in the same way. Long after day has begun, the lakes lie purple and black and the darkest malachite greens, and the shadows of the mountains do not seem to give place. Not until ten o'clock of the forenoon on the day we left did the full sunlight get in. It came with a rush at the last second; as it swept over us, it seemed strange that it should be soundless, for it passed swift like a wind.

* * * * * * * *

WANTED.

WANTED—A horse and buggy to use for a few weeks. Will be well taken care of and moderately used. Apply to Edward Ferris, *Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium*. h-1 tf

WANTED—To buy or trade for second hand baby carriages at Ashby's. g 21-tf

WANTED—Stock to pasture, one mile from town. Good feed, good water and good fence. Apply at North End market. f-1-6m

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—Completely furnished house of 9 rooms, piano, bath broom, hot and cold water, nice garden, splendid grounds, &c., on North Weber. To right party for $75 per month. Apply to A. L. Lawton, real estate agent. g-18-tf

FOR RENT—Pianos, *organs and sewing* machines. Aiken's music store, 105 Pike's Peak ave. f-25-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with good board. Four doors north of city school on Cascade avenue. e-19-tf

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FOR SALE OR RENT—The Glenwood ranch, in West Monument valley. Apply to John Lennox. dwe 12 tf

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LOST—A cha[illegible] to a fob chain. Finder please leave it at GAZETTE office. h 2-tf

STRAYED

STRAYED—A red cow, branded two circles, one within the other, on side, and C on shoulder. A reward will be paid for her return to Town Herder Hayes, or for information of her address Box 109, Colorado Springs. h-2-5*

[illegible] REWARD.

PUEBLO, July 28, 1882.

The above reward will be paid for the information of the whereabouts of one span of work horses, strayed or stolen from Swift Bros.' brick yard at Pueblo, June 18, 1882. One sorrel horse about 12 years old, weight about 1,050 pounds, had Jim S brand on shoulder, rather heavy set, had shoes and halter on when left. And one dark bay horse, probably dim brand, about 12 years old, weight about 1,100 pounds, light mane, roman nose, had also shoes and halter on when they left. Direct or deliver to Pueblo Colo.
g-30-2* SWIFT BROS.

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Music room for the use of parties wishing to try music. Please call and examine.
AIKEN'S
Music Store and Museum
105 Pike's Peak Ave.
Colorado Springs.
ORGANS
Sold on Installments.

newspaperarchive.com

DAILY GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1882.

TIME TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9:10 a. m.	8:20 a. m.
1:10 p. m.	11:30 a. m.
4:05 p. m.	3:20 p. m.
6:10 p. m.	5:30 p. m.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

Trains going South.	Trains going North.
No. 1 arrives 11:45 a. m.	No. 2 arrives 3:45 p. m.
No. 1 leaves 11:50 a. m.	No. 2 leaves 3:50 p. m.
No. 3 arrives 11:15p. m.	No. 4 arrives 4:00 a. m.
No. 3 leaves 11:20 p. m.	No. 4 leaves 4:05 a. m.
No. 5 arrives 5:55 p. m.	No. 6 arrives 9:55 a. m.
No. 5 leaves 6:00 p. m.	No. 6 leaves 9:00 a. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville: Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Mr. Edgar Howbert, of the firm of Howbert Bros., has, after a slight sickness, resumed business again.

Mr. W. H. Roby has again got into the flour and grain business, he having bought out Messrs. Coulter & Vaux.

Yesterday's Thunderbolt from the south was five hours late on account of a washout somewhere in western Kansas.

Emancipation day yesterday, and it was observed in good style by many of the Colorado Springs colored people.

Yesterday was one of the hottest days of the season, the thermometer hovering in the vicinity of 100° in the shade all day.

Miss Nora Fowler—the "Clarinda of Brittle Silver"—has consented to open a class for vocal instruction in this city, if a sufficient number of pupils are assured.

Mr. A. Allen and a party of friends spent a pleasant day on the summit of Pike's Peak last Sunday, but on their way down they encountered a heavy hail storm.

What has become of the cricket club? Why not merge the base ball nine into a cricket club, now that our chances for the championship pennant are diminishing day by day?

Mr. Tom Wanless came down from Crystal Park yesterday. He reports that business there is picking up, twenty-five guests taking dinner at the Wanless house on Sunday.

Round trip tickets good for five days and including two tickets of admission to the exposition, are now being sold by the Denver & Rio Grande between Colorado Springs and Denver.

The Leadville and Buena Vista militia passed through the city in a special train on the Denver & Rio Grande yesterday morning about four o'clock, bound for Denver and the opening of the exposition.

Mr. William Johnson, of Colorado City, has sold his mill on the Fountain to Mr. George W. Winster, who will immediately begin the erection of a new flouring mill. It will be remembered that the old mill was destroyed by fire about one month ago.

Judge Stewart has abandoned the idea of placing his plaster on exhibition at the exposition in consequence of his being unable to make satisfactory arrangements for space. With the exception of a few paintings El Paso county's exhibit at the exposition will be very limited.

Company A, numbering thirty-five or forty men, accompanied by the First Regiment Cavalry band, left for Denver on the early train yesterday morning to participate in the military parade. Most of them expected to return last night, while others will remain and witness the drill for the state championship to-day.

Mr. C. F. Albrich, of Chicago, has leased one of the new store rooms in the Oriel block, in which he will establish a cigar manufactory. He came west with the intention of starting in business at Pueblo, but he thinks the business prospects here better than there. It will be several days yet before he will be ready for business, but when he does open he expects to carry as fine a line of smokers' goods as was ever brought to this city.

The plug test last evening between the plugmen of the Jackson and Sigafus teams was won by Wagner of the Jacksons. The conditions were to run twenty-five feet to hydrant, attach and send water through two hundred feet of hose; best three in five to win. The plug work by both men was very good, and the contest was close and exciting, not being decided until the last heat. The time was as follows:

Wagner	13½	10	13½	12½	14½
Barnes	13½	13½	13½	11½	15½

The Colorado Springs Reds are now in a very crippled condition and unless a catcher and one or two other good players can be secured, Colorado Springs might as well throw up the sponge. Our boys have been badly defeated twice by the Blues, and the Browns, with Crawford to pitch, will also make it very interesting for them. What more could be expected? The Reds practice little, if any, and have apparently lost all interest in the game on account of one or two defeats.

On August 11th, 1882, there is to be a private race meeting and social gathering in Manitou Park, the chief features of which will be a three-hundred-yard race for cow ponies only, a two-hundred-yard race for three-year-old colts, and a hurdle race open to all, as well as a half-mile and a quarter, open to all horses that have not won a purse. There will also be a rifle and pistol match. The object of this meeting is to enable the ranchmen of El Paso, Park, and Douglas counties to meet together to have a good time, and have a chance of trying the speed of their horses, with the knowledge that there will be fair play, and all the settlers of those counties are cordially invited. There will be a regular committee and judges for each race, and the strictest rules will be enforced, so as to insure all the advantages of a private meeting. A regular programme will be posted on the grounds the day before, and all entries will have to be made before ten o'clock on the day of the races, so that all those that come from a distance had better come the day before and camp on the ground. To enable them to do this with comfort, there will be a wagon to supply them with meat, butter, milk, and bread, on the grounds, at reasonable prices.

We have seen at the office of Mr. F. G. Rowe some of the ore taken from the valuable mine at Silver City, New Mexico, owned by the Solid Silver Mining Company. It carries native silver and chloride of silver in large quantities. Mill runs, not assays, have been made from this ore, showing from five thousand to twenty thousand dollars per ton. It is the richest ore that has been exhibited here since the Robert E. Lee ore. We understand that a vein showing this ore has been uncovered for a distance of fourteen feet on the vein and to a depth of thirty feet. The part of the vein carrying the rich ore is eighteen inches wide. This ore is on exhibition, and we advise those who wish to examine rich ore to go to Mr. Rowe's office and inspect it. We sincerely congratulate our townsmen on their good fortune.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. j 13 tf

Lecore Armyn at P. O. news depot. g-28-6*

Dinners and lunches got up on short notice at Cheyenne Canon, end of public road, by leaving orders going up the canon. Geo. Beckwith. g-29 6*

Bargains on hand this day at Ashby's Furniture exchange. 1 hall rack, 1 side board, 1 cook stove, and a full line of new furniture for sale at bottom prices or trade for other goods. h2-tf

The New England Kitchen will have all flavors of Ice Cream on hand from this date. g-11-tf

T. E. JOHNSON will sell you the GENUINE CHEYENNE CANON ICE. f-15-tf

Now is the time to "polish up the handle of the big front door." We have a few old papers left that are suitable for that kind of work. tf

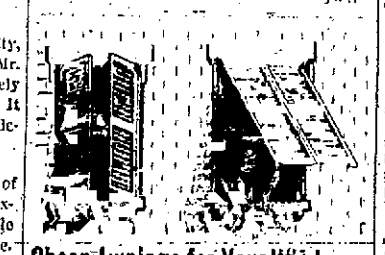
Go to G. S. Barnes for buggies, phaetons, canopy tops and light express wagons. e-9-tf

French china, decorated queensware, lamp goods, etc., at Bulstin & Fairley's. m-13-tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Chase & Co.'s drug store. a-15-tf

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Churchill & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices. f 13 tf

Mr. L. C. Davis has the finest stock of lawns to find the most experienced workmen in the state. j-3-tf



Cheap Awnings for Your Windows.

These fixtures can be attached to any old blind already in use.

g-2 1m A. D. DRUMMOND, Gen'l Agent.

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effectual purgative Pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them; and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.

For sale by all druggists.

A. Sagendorf & Co., agents. dwg-11-1y

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters expiates dyspepsia with greater certainty and promptitude than any known remedy, and is a benignant invigorant, appetizer and aid to secretion. These are not empty assertions, as thousands of our countrymen and women who have experienced its effects are aware, but are backed up by irrefragable proofs. The bitters also give a healthful stimulus to the urinary organs. For sale by dealers. dwg-1-1y

THE BOSTON!

To parties going to and from Manitou—A new saloon in Colorado City. Finest wines and spirits in the state. Open at all hours.

C. A. ARTHORPE, Proprietor.

a-1-6

El Paso County Bank

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transacts a general banking and exchange business.

W. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
H. SAXTON, Ass't Cashier.

M. L. DeCOURSEY

REAL ESTATE

COLUMN.

SPECIAL!

FARM.

For Sale—"BEAVER RANCH," 3 miles south of Colorado Springs, (city of 7,000 population), 240 acres, mostly meadow, bottom land; Fountain river running through it, also private irrigating ditch and several large springs of pure soft water; a beaver pond and carp pond. Shade trees, pasture, for 50 head cows or horses, cuts 250 to 300 tons hay, selling for $20 to $30 per ton. Dwelling houses, new shed and barns holding 300 tons hay. The entire property is well fenced. I will sell this valuable ranch for $20,000, of which only $3,000 will be required in cash. Balance on long time, running to ten years, at 10 per cent. interest.

FOR SALE.

The Iron Springs property at Manitou, comprising 160 acres of land; taking in three-fourths of a mile of Ruxton creek and Engelman's canon, a hotel in good order and beautifully located, and embracing iron springs among the most celebrated in the world.

Neat cottage of 3 rooms. Desirable location, on corner lot 50x190 feet. Only $750.

Large brick house of 7 rooms, bath room, several closets, porches, city water. Good location. Lot 100x190 feet, facing east. $4,500, of which $2,000 may stand one year at 10 per cent.

Seven room house on best part of Weber street; city water, beautiful lawn, ornamental trees, shrubs, fine garden with raspberries, currants, grape vines, apple and cherry trees, all in bearing; two large beds of asparagus of seven years growth. Possession September 1st. This is one of the most desirable properties in town, and is in perfect order.

Neat four room cottage and first class lot in the heart of town. Will be sold at a bargain.

The finest corner on North Tejon street, 200x190, $6,000, or will divide it.

Six lots on Pike's Peak avenue between Tejon and Nevada.

Lot on best part of North Nevada avenue, 75x190. Cheap at $2,000.

Elegant house of 10 rooms; hot and cold water, bath room and all conveniences, large porches, splendid lawn, trees and shrubbery, stone cellar, first-class stable; lot 75x190, on best part of Weber street. Will sell furniture with house if desired.

A first class property only two blocks from new post office. Lot 50x190 feet, with house (partly new) size 26x80 feet containing 12 rooms, ceilings 10 feet high throughout. Also a wash room, cow house, hen house, etc. The house is partly furnished, and will be sold with furniture at the very low figure of $4,000. In this is included a good milch cow and fifty chickens.

Fine two story house of seven rooms and three closets; nice shade trees, porch in front, city water stable for three horses. House and stable were built during the past summer. Lot 50x190 feet. A bargain at $3,000; of which amount $1,500 may stand for one year at 10 per cent.

A splendid corner 100x190 feet on N. Weber street, on which are erected three lovely cottages renting for $77 per month. City water and gas pipes in cottages; open grate fire places in parlors; nice lawns and stables. This property is a bargain at $6,500.

Nice cottage of 5 rooms on lot 50x200 feet on Pike's Peak avenue; cellar, lawn, neat fence and stable; water in house; only $2,500.

Several nice lots in the neighborhood of the new postoffice site.

Ranch of 160 acres on the road between Monument and Table Rock, all fenced; raises fine potato crops; splendid springs of water; includes three acres of big timber. Only $1,000. A bargain.

House of 4 rooms; lot 50x190; lawn, trees, stable. Good location. A bargain at $800.

House of 5 rooms; city water. Lot 50x190. First class location. Only $1050.

House of 6 rooms, stable for ten horses, lot 50x190 all in grass, located on Nevada avenue close to business centre of city. A bargain at $4,000.

Several splendid corners on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber streets.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city. $1,200.

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 80x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $2,600.

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch. The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou. This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage. It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

Large brick building in center of city, containing 10 rooms, large cellar, water on both floors. Suitable for private residence, boarding house or place of business.

Lovely furnished cottage on North Weber street. One of the finest homes in town; $50 per month.

I have for rent on reasonable terms two stores and several offices in the Oriel block, next to the postoffice. These offices and stores are finished off very beautifully, are light and cool, and are furnished with gas and running water. For many purposes the location is the best in the city.

Neat cottage of 3 rooms. Desirable location, on corner lot. Only $10 per month.

Very convenient house of 7 rooms, nice porches, city water, large lot facing south, large stable. Good location. Only $25 per month.

Large brick house of 7 large rooms and bath room; lot 100x190 feet, facing east. Good location. $35 per month.

Beautiful four room cottage in excellent order, on corner lot facing south. Only $15 per month.

Lovely furnished cottage of 7 rooms. All conveniences. Bijou st., near Weber, facing south; $60 per mo.

Unfurnished house of 7 rooms. Nice location. $25 per month.

Fine store building on Pike's Peak avenue, between Tejon and Nevada ave.

Unfurnished house of 6 rooms on Nevada ave. Splendid location.

Fine store building on Tejon st. between Pike's Peak ave. and Huerfano st.

Unfurnished house of 3 rooms, in first class location; $10 per mo.

Offices in the new Stratton block, elegantly finished and furnished with all modern conveniences.

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent.

INVALIDS AND TOURISTS.

The Seven Lakes Hotel is Now Open.

It is the highest hotel of the kind in the world, and in the highest forest.

The principal lake is eighty feet deep and one mile in diameter; is the highest in the world, being 11,827 feet above tide water.—[Report of the U. S. Signal Service.

It has the purest water in the world.

The road via the Cheyenne canon and Beaver park to Pike's Peak, about 14 miles, is the highest carriage road in the world, and the velvetest cruiser, within which are the hotel and lakes, is the highest and largest in the world. It does not militate against the crater that it has but one opening."—[Chancellor of the Kansas State University.

Professor Spring, says: "The scenery is extraordinarily sublime, beyond description."

Said the pyrotechnist who made the fire works for the great Masonic celebration in Chicago: "Never follow near the Great White Throne when I'm behooking the stupendous remains of God Almighty's fire works".

Rev. R. C. Crane, says: "Along the Cheyenne road and at the lakes, the views are glorious. By the old lake bed, over 12,000 feet in the air, I found many precious crystals. I have never felt so happy since my marriage day."

Rev. Mrs. Crane: "All this, and heaven too!"

Rev. Stall, the Rocky Mountain Gilfillan: "I never grow weary looking at it. It changes every hour. Cheyenne mountain, over the very crest of which runs the road to the lakes and Pike's Peak, is the only mountain in the world which rises without a base. From the prairies it boldly springs up 4,000 feet."

Various journals, notably the Atlantic Monthly, and "H. H.," speak kindly of the house, lake, and road.

"O, for some kind friend to kick me up to another hill," said Mark Twain, before the road was made.

The water, for highly developed air, ozone (progressive oxygen), or both, cures many diseases. Exhaustion, nervousness, and even symptom of paralysis, at once disappear. So with many lung and heart troubles.

The hotel is four miles from Pike's Peak (official survey), and the carriage road three miles therefrom.

Everything in hostlery, guides, couriers, horses, burros, tents, lunches, etc., furnished at reasonable rates.

A tent hotel at or near the Peak (timber line).

An abundance of goat's or cow's milk for invalids.

Carriages furnished as guests require.

Regular stage line Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

M. G. SMITH,
President Cheyenne, Seven Lakes and Pike's Peak Toll road.

Address Seven Lakes House, Colorado Springs, Colo., or Mr. Mills, of Bartlett & Mills, opposite Opera House, Colorado Springs. f-25-tf

OSTRANDER & THOMAS,

DEALERS IN—

LUMBER

AND

Building Material of All Kinds.

INCLUDING

BUILDING PAPER, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, GLASS, &c.

Nevada Avenue, South of Huerfano Street. h-24-tf

WE ARE IN

Insurance Agency

OF—

W. R. THORNELL.

"SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL," Of Edinburgh. Assets over $13,000,000. Established 1824.

GLENS FALLS, of Glens Falls, N. Y. Assets $1,115,000. Organized 1849.

"PROVIDENCE - WASHINGTON," of Providence, R. I. Assets $900,000. Incorporated 1799.

Policies Carefully Written at Fair Rates.

Office Over People's Bank. d-1-tf

IMPORTED ALE AND PORTER

Why get it, when you can buy

An Article Equal at One-Half the Price.

We have now on hand ready for delivery the above goods

EQUAL TO THE IMPORTED

In MEDICINAL QUALITY, and FLAVOR and

Far Ahead of any Malt Liquors

Manufactured in this country. If you give them a trial you will use no other. Sold by THE DOZEN OR KEG AND DELIVERED BY THE BREWERY WAGON DAILY.

Address Colorado City or Colorado Springs.

STOCKBRIDGE & ELWELL, Props.

c-23 tf

COLORADO COLLEGE

FACULTY:

PRESIDENT E. P. TENNEY, Natural Theology, and Evidences of Christianity.
WINTHROP D. SHELDON, Latin, Greek, German, Anglo-Saxon.
FRANK H. LOUD, Mathematics, Astronomy, Physics.
EMMA BEMIS, French, English Language and Literature.
WILLIAM STRIFFIN, Metallurgy and Chemistry.
GEORGE N. MARDEN, History, Political Science and Metaphysics.
GEORGE H. STONE, Geology.
ALFRED T. BACON, Preparatory Studies.

The Metallurgical Department offers new courses during the coming year, leading to the degree of mining engineer.

Work will be furnished students able and willing to work, by which young men and young women can pay the most of their expenses.

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPT. 6, '82.

For circulars and other information, address
E. P. TENNEY, President,
dwf-6-3m Colorado Springs, Colo.

A. SAGENDORF. GEO. S. ROBBINS.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

AT

A. SAGENDORF & Co.'s.

Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Perfumeries, Cosmetics, Toilet Articles, and Fancy Goods

Sole Agentcies for Colorado Springs for

CREME ANGELIQUE, the AESTHETIC DENTIFRICE.

Lincoln's Hop and Celery Nervine Lozenges. The best remedy in the market for sleeplessness, nervousness, neuralgia, headache, dyspepsia, etc.

"KNOTT'S ASTHMA CURE."

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night. f-1tf

HOWBERT BROTHERS,

BOOKSELLERS,

STATIONERS,

NEWSDEALERS.

STEREO AND CABINET VIEWS, COLORADO WILD FLOWERS

Dr. Solly's Colorado for Invalids and Pamphlet on Manitou.

Have several specialities handled by no other house in the city.

SECOND DOOR N. FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

TO THE LADIES

Of Colorado Springs and the surrounding country:

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS AT THE

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

We are in receipt of a Beautiful Assortment of

SUMMER GOODS!

Dress Lawns, Printed Linen Lawns, Plain and Lace Buntings, Grenadines, Nuns' Veiling, Dress Linens, Percales.

A complete line of White Goods, Figured and Dotted Swisses and Mulls in Fern and White Linen d' Irlands, Mull de Delhi, Mousseline des Indes, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsooks, Tarletans, French Muslins, Swisses, Piques in French Cords, Figures, Lace Stripes and others.

TO POURISTS.

Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, Fans, Travelling Bags, Combs, Brushes, Perfumeries and Fancy Articles. Three hundred pieces Mosquito Net, all colors at 15 cents per piece, 8 yards to the piece. Full line of Staple and Fancy Dress Goods. Full line of Staple and Fancy Silks, Satins and Velvets. Full line of House Furnishing Goods. Full line of Hosiery, Underwear and Notions. In short a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, and Fancy Articles. All ready made Suits and Cloth and Silk Wraps, one third off regular price. All fancy spring Dress Goods, 20 per cent. off regular price.

No one in need of anything in the Dry Goods line should fail to visit the

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

NO. 202 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE.

Respectfully,

HARRIS & JONES.

N. B.—Large stock of Mexican Drawn Work. No Misrepresentation.

"Veritas ad Finem." dwa-1-1y

Hoff & Howbert,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

15 Tejon Street, Next to El Paso Bank.

Jackson's Celebrated Colorado Views,
Best Books on Colorado Travel,
Books of Colorado Wild Flowers,
Water Color Pictures of Colorado Wild Flowers,
Artists' Materials and Picture Frames,
Hammocks, Cricket, Base Ball goods,
Indian Clubs, Dumb Bells,
Fancy Goods, Fine Stationery,
Seaside Library, Miscellaneous Books, &c.

d-6-tf

Hardware! Hardware!!

Builders' Hardware, Tinware, Tools and Water Supply,
Shelf Hardware, Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges,
Heavy Hardware, Blacksmith's Supplies, Carriage Goods,
Iron Nails and Steel, Blacksmiths' Supplies, Hunter's Supplies,
Mechanics' Tools of all kinds, House Furnishing Goods, Garden Tools,
Lawn Mowers and Rakes, Shot Guns, Rifles and Pistols, Ammunition,
Miners' Supplies, Refrigerators and Ice Chests, Water Coolers,
Ice Cream Freezers, Etc., Etc., Etc.

DURKEE AND LEE,

West Side Tejon Street.

☞ Tin Shop in connection with store. All kinds of job work in Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Brass done in first-class shape on short notice at lowest possible prices. FURNACE WORK a specialty. Estimates cheerfully furnished. c-17 tf

A. C. LAWTON,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT.

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent.

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

SMITH BROS.

Is where you get the worth of your money every time you buy.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Our stock is new, we have no old stock or shelf-worn goods to sell at cost, but have an elegant line of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing,

And Furnishing Goods,

In the Newest and Latest Styles, which we will sell at the

Lowest Living Prices.

CALL AT THE

ONE PRICE MODEL STORE

107 Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

We are almost daily receiving new additions to our already attractive stock a 19-1y

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